

KOMSKIY, David Matveyevich; PENNER, David Ivanovich; DANILEVSKAYA,
N.V., otv. za vypusk; GORODENSKIY, L.M., red.; MICHURINA,
N.N., tekhn. red.

[Making devices for demonstrations at popular lectures on
physical and technological subjects] Izgotovlenie demon-
stratsionnykh priborov dlia populjarnykh lektsii na fiziko-
tekhnicheskie temy. Moskva, Ob-vo po rasprostraneniju polit.
i nauchn. znanii RSFSR, 1963. 38 p. (MIRA 16:9)
(Physics--Audiovisual aids)

SHATILOV, Aleksandr Petrovich; GORODENSKIY, L.M., red.

[Overall mechanization of strip mining operations in
the U.S.S.R.; material to aid lecturers] Kompleksnaia
mekhanizatsiya otkrytykh gornykh rabot v SSSR; mate-
rial v pomoshch' lektoru. Moskva, Ob-vo "Znanie,"
RSFSR, 1963. 47 p. (MIRA 17:10)

BRONSHTEIN, Vitaliy Aleksandrovich; GORODENSKIY, L.M., red.

[Radio waves from outer space; lecture aid materials]
Radiovolny iz mirovykh glubin; material v pomoshch' lektor'. Minsk. Oh-vn vo rasprostraneniu polit. i nauchn. znanii RSFSR, 1961. 46 p. (MIRA 18:9)

112-1-436 D

Translation from: Referativnyy Zhurnal, Elektrotehnika, 1957, Nr 1, p. 69 (USSR)

AUTHOR: Gorodenskiy, N. B.

TITLE: Designing Water-Supply Intake Structures of Navigation Locks on the Basis of Experiments Made in Hydraulic Laboratory Research (Proyektirovaniye golovnykh sistem pitaniya sudokhodnykh shlyuzov na osnove opyta gidravlicheskikh laboratornykh issledovaniy)

ABSTRACT: Bibliographic entry on the author's dissertation for the degree of Candidate of Technical Sciences presented to Leningrad Institute of Water Transportation Engineers (Leningr in-t inzh. vod. transp.) Leningrad, 1956

ASSOCIATION: Leningrad Institute of Water Transportation Engineers (Leningr. in-t inzh. vod. transp., Leningrad)

Card 1/1

GORODENSKIY, N.B.; KUDRYAVTSEV, N.F.; LABEYSH, V.G.

Model studies of the action of currents and waves on the selfcon-tained observation station. Trudy AANII 210:13-22 '61.

(MIRA 14:11)

(Oceanographic instruments)

GORODENSKIY, N.B., kand.tekhn.nauk

Establishing efficient values for the basic parameters of
lock chamber filling systems. Trudy LIVT no.13:11-16 '61.
(MIRA 14:10)
(Locks(Hydraulic engineering))

GORODENSKIY, N.B.; KUDRYAVTSEV, N.F.

Determinating the drag of the elements of self-contained stations.
Trudy ANII 254:13-17 '63.

(MIRA 17:11)

BALANIN,V.V., inzhener; GORODENSKIY,N.V., inzhener

Investigations of navigability and operations for structures,
hydraulic installations, and free waterways. Rech.transp. 14 no.9:
18-20 S'55.

(MIRA 8:12)

(Inland navigation)

GORODENSKIY, S.N.

Some general characteristics of ΔT magnetic anomalies of considerable intensity. Izv. AN SSSR. Ser. geofiz. no.1:96-103 Ja '61.
(MIRA 14:1)

(Magnetic anomalies)

GORODENSKIY, S.N.

The ΔT magnetic anomalies of arbitrary intensity. Izv.AN SSSR,
Ser.geofiz. no.9:1349-1353 S '60. (MIRA 13:9)
(Magnetic anomalies)

24.2300

S/020/62/144/001/013/024
B154/B108

AUTHOR: Gorodenskiy, S. N.

TITLE: A new method for calculating magnetic perturbations

PERIODICAL: Akademiya nauk SSSR. Doklady, v. 144, no. 1, 1962, 97-100

TEXT: A new method is presented for calculating magnetic perturbations arising in a platform rotated through a small angle $\Delta\alpha$. In a rectangular system of coordinates attached to the platform, the magnetic field increment on rotation is $\vec{\Delta H}' = \vec{\Pi} \vec{H}$. The components of $\vec{\Pi}$ are the relevant projections of $\Delta\alpha$. The solution of the problem of a stationary platform can be applied to the problem in question by substituting $\vec{\Delta H}'$ for the magnetic field. By splitting up the tensor $\vec{\Pi}$ into its symmetrical and antisymmetrical parts, one can represent the perturbation as $\vec{\Delta H}' = \vec{\Pi}_1 \times \vec{H} + \vec{\Pi}_2 \vec{H}$ or $\vec{H}' = \vec{H} + \vec{\Pi}_1 \times \vec{H} + \vec{\Pi}_2 \vec{H}$, where $\vec{\Pi}_1 = -(i' \Delta\alpha_x + j' \Delta\alpha_y + k' \Delta\alpha_z)$. The reaction of the platform to eddy currents can be expressed in

Card 1/2.

S/020/62/144/001/013/024

B154/B108

A new method for...

a similar manner: $\vec{H}' = F\vec{A}\vec{H}'$. Hence, $\vec{H}' = F(\Pi\vec{H})$ or $\vec{H}' = \vec{K}\vec{T}$. The second-rank tensor F depends on the properties of the platform. If the platform is stationary, the inverse problem is

$$\vec{H} = \vec{H}' - \vec{\Pi}_1 \times \vec{H}' + \vec{\Pi}_2 \vec{H}'.$$

ASSOCIATION: Rizhskiy institut inzhenerov Grazhdanskogo vozduzhnogo flota im. Leninskogo komsoiola (Riga Institute of Engineers of the Civil Air Fleet imeni Lenin Komsomol)

PRESENTED: October 28, 1961, by Academician V. S. Kulebakin

SUBMITTED: October 27, 1961

Card 2/2

3/110

S/049/62/000/003/003
I046/I246

AUTHOR: Gorodenskiy, S.N.

TITLE: Anomalies associated with rotation in the geomagnetic field. I

PERIODICAL: Akademiya nauk SSSR. Izvestiya. Seriya geofizicheskaya, no. 8, 1962,
1060-1069

TEXT: Magnetic disturbances for small rotations in a magnetic field are analyzed proceeding from a transformation $\Pi_E - I$ (where I is the unit matrix, and Π_E is the Euler operator consisting of Euler's coefficients) of the rotation that transforms the initial vector components into the vector components in the new coordinate system. The results are applied to a specific case of a cylindrical shell executing small oscillations in a magnetic field. The tensorial transformation method can be used in solving the problem of generation of magnetic fields of definite magnitude and phase required to compensate for the magnetic disturbance. There are 6 figures. *Sc*

SUBMITTED: December 1, 1961

Card 1/2

Anomalies associated with rotation...

ASSOCIATION: Rizhskiy institut inzhenerov Grazhdanskogo vozduzhnogo flota im. Leninskogo komsooola (The Riga Institute of Civil Airline Engineering, im. Leninskogo Komsoola)

Card 2/2

GORODENSKIY, S.M.

New method for calculating magnetic interferences. Dokl.AN SSSR
144 no.1:97-100 My '62. (MIRA 15:5)

1. Rizhskiy institut inzhenerov Grazhdanskogo vozдушного flota
im. Leninskogo komsomola. Predstavлено akademikom V.S.Kulebakinyem.
(Magnetism, Terrestrial)

GORODENSKIY, S.N.

Anomalies associated with rotation in the earth's magnetic field.
Izv.AN SSSR.Ser.geofiz. no.8:1060-1069 Ag '62. (MIRA 15:8)

1. Rizhskiy institut inzhenerov Grazhdanskogo vozdushnogo flota
im. Leninskogo komsomola.
(Magnetism, Terrestrial)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/19/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000616230002-1

SMIRNOVA, K.N., GORODENTSEVA, G.A.

Consumption and circulation of nutritive elements in birch woods
[with summary in English]. Biul.MOIP. Otd.biol. 63 no.2:135-145
Mr-Ap '58 (MIRA 11:7)
(BIRCH)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/19/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000616230002-1"

BARKOVSKIY, Vladimir Filippovich; GORELIK, Solomon Moiseyevich;
GORODENTSEVA, Tat'yana Borisovna; ALAVERDZ, Tn.G., red.;
GOROKHOVA, S.S., tekhn. red.

[Laboratory work in the physicochemical methods of analysis]
Praktikum po fiziko-khimicheskim metodam analiza. Moskva,
Izd-vo "Vysshiaia shkola," 1963. 349 p. (MIRA 17:4)

EXCERPTA MEDICA Sec.12 Vol.12/5 Ophthalmology May 58
GORODETSKAYA A. M.

901. ATROPHY OF THE OPTIC NERVE IN OPTOCHIASMATIC ARACHNOIDITIS
(Russian text) - Gorodetskaya A. M. - SBORN. TRUD. AZERBAIAN.

OFTAL. INST. 1956, 1 (146-150)

Atrophy of the optic nerve caused by optochiasmatic arachnoiditis was studied in 6 patients. A table is adduced with indications of aetiology, duration of disease, time of observation, clinical picture and neurological symptomatology. The cause of the visual disturbances was influenza in 2 cases, malaria in 2 and cranial trauma in 1 case. In 2 cases pallor of only the temporal half of the disc became permanent, while in the remainder the pallor extended to the whole of the disc. Acuity of vision towards the end of the observation was hundredths in 4 of the patients, and 0.2-0.4 in the other 2. A central scotoma with peripheral contraction of the field of vision was noted in 3 cases, a paracentral scotoma in 1, and a concentric contraction of the field of vision in 2 cases. There were remissions in the course of the disease followed by increase of the optic disturbances. (S)

СОВЕТСКАЯ РАССКАЗЫВАЕТ

- USSR/Farm Animals - Horses.

Q-2

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biol., No 7, 1958, 30904
Author : Gorodetskaya A.S.
Inst :
Title : The Influence of the Age of Parents on Certain Peculiarities of Growth and Development, and the Blood indexes of the Foals of the Orel Breed.
(Vliyanije vozrasta roditeley na nekotoryye osobennosti rosta i razvitiya i pokazateli krovi zhrebyat orlovskoy porody).
Orig Pub : Tr. Voronezhsk. zoovet. in-ta, 1956, 14, 75-85.
Abstract : Studies were carried out on 61 purebred Orel Trotter youngs of the Khrenovo Stud, from birth to 2.5 years of age, as to their growth and development, formation of the body build, cutting of milk-teeth, indexes of efficiency according to the training data and tests, and morphological blood indexes.

Card 1/2

USSR/Farm Animals - Horses APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/19/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000616230002-1"

Q-2

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biol., No 7, 1958, 30904

By all indexes, the best progeny was that of mares aged 6-14 years. The poorest were the youngs of older mares, the physiological condition of which exerted a stronger influence on the progeny than the age and condition of the stallions. Particularly great influence is exerted by the age and physiological condition of the maternal organism during the early period of postembryonic development. After weaning, the differences in the indexes of the posterior development of foals in relation to the age of the parents was little noticeable.

Card 2/2

GORODETSKAYA, A. S. Cand Agr Sci -- (diss) "The Effect of Age of
Parents ^{upon Orlovskaya foals} on Some Characteristics of the Growth ~~and~~ Development, and
Blood Indexes of the Orlovskaya-Breed Foals." Khar'kov, 1957.
16 pp ~~215x5~~ with tables, 19 cm. (Min of Agriculture USSR, Khar'kov
Zootechnical Inst), 100 copies (KL, 25-57, 115)

- 94 -

NADZHMITDINOV, N.A.; VASIL'YEVA, G.P.; GORODETSKAYA, A.S.; BUL'BRUN, Yu. M.

Organization and work of the tuberculosis sanatoria serving several collection farms in the Andizhan Province of the Uzbek S.S.R. Probl. tub. 36 no.8:6-7 '58.
(MIRA 12:7)

1. Iz Andizhanskogo oblastnogo protivotuberkuleznogo dispansera
(glavnyy vrach N. A. Nadzhmitdinov).

(ANDIZHAN PROVINCE--TUBERCULOSIS--HOSPITALS AND SANATORIUMS)

LOS¹, M.V., dotsent; NADZHMITDINOV, N.A.; GORODETSKAYA, A.S.; VASIL'YEVA,
G.P.; VUL'BRUN, Yu.M.

Study of the incidence of tuberculosis in Andizhan. Med. zhur.
Uzb. no.12:26-28 D '60.
(MIRA 14:1)

1. Iz kafedry mikrobiologii Andizhanskogo gosudarstvennogo meditsinskogo instituta i Oblastnogo protivotuberkuleznogo dispansera..
(ANDIZHAN--TUBERCULOSIS)

1. GORDETSKAYA, A.V., VIKHNOVA, N.M.
- 2 . USSR (600)
3. Streptomycin
7. New data on chemical purification and islotaion of penicillin and streptomycin.
Antibiotiki 5, no. 4, 1952

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, February 1953. Unclassified.

GORODETSKAYA, A.V.

GORODETSKAYA, A.V. kandidat khimicheskikh nauk.

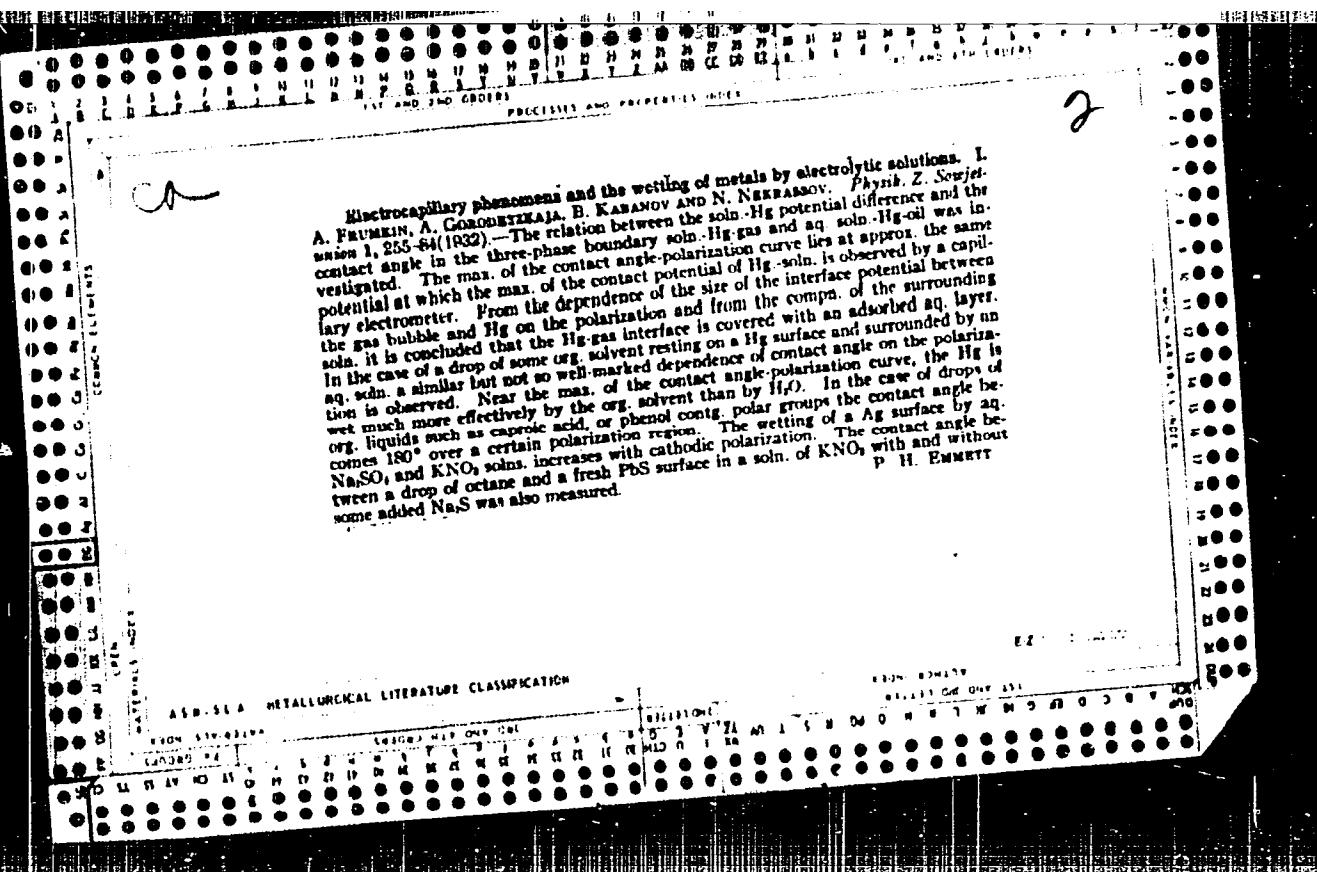
Extraction methods of purification of antibiotics. Antibiotiki 8
no.1:3-13 '55. (MLRA 8:3)

(ANTIBIOTICS, preparation of,
purification, extraction methods)

GORODETSKAYA, A.V., kandidat khimicheskikh nauk.

Chemistry and technology in the production of antibiotics;
formation and extinction of foam in production of antibiotics;
review according to materials from foreign periodic literature.
Antibiotiki, sborn. perev. 9 no.3:22-27 1956 (MLRA 9:6)

(ANTIBIOTICS, prev. of
foam form. & extinction, review)



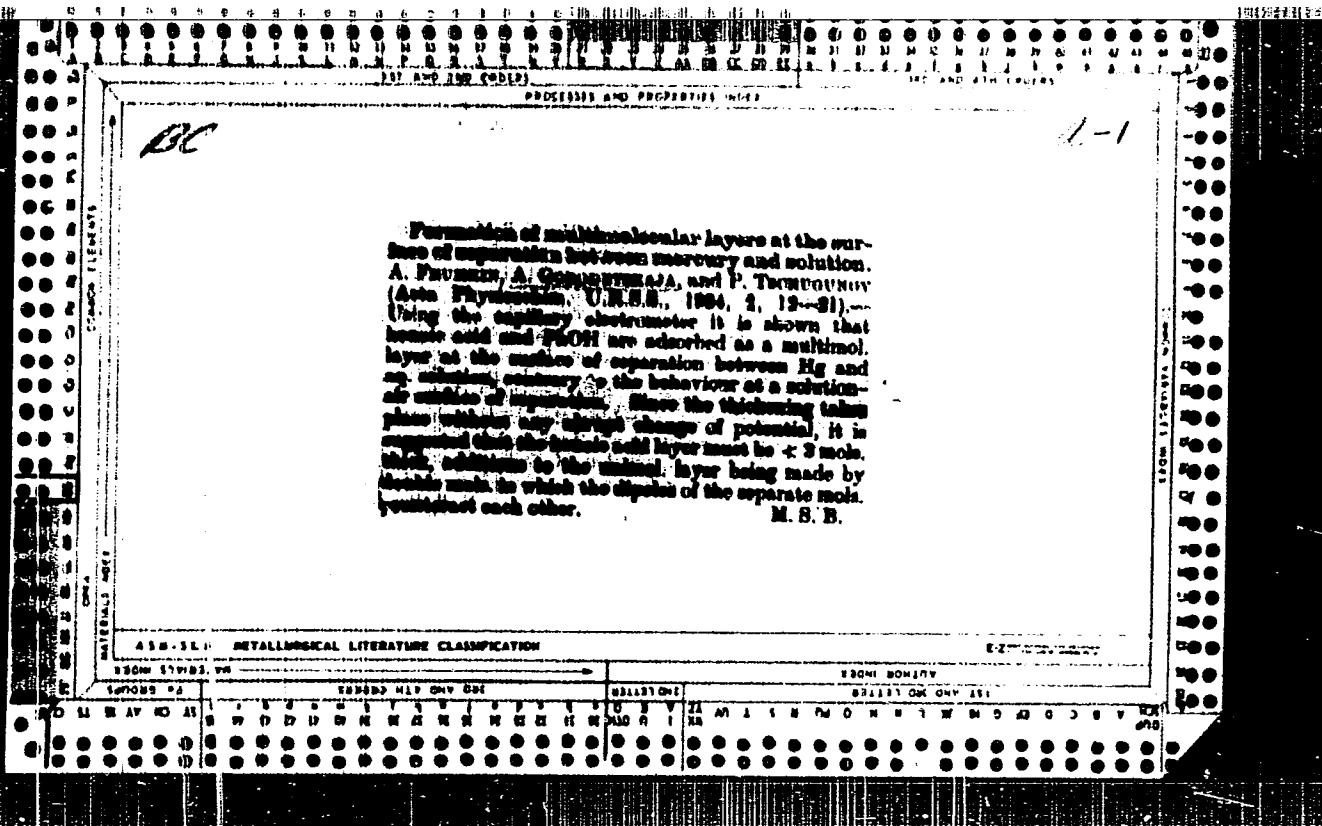
*Electro-Capillary Phenomena and Wetability of Metals. II. Measurement of Contact Angles on Platinum, Zinc, Silver, Gallium, and Thallium Amalgams. A. Goryainova and N. Kabanov (Zhurnal Fizicheskoy Khimii [J. Phys. Chem.], 1933, 6, (6), 529-537; also Fizikal. Z. Nauchnaya, 1934, 5, 418-431). [In Russian.] Contact-angles of bubbles of hydrogen on metals in electrolytes have been measured at different degrees of polarization. Curves for $\alpha-\delta$ are given for liquid gallium and thallium amalgam and for solid platinum, zinc, silver, and mercury-coated platinum. The potentials corresponding with the maximum contact-angle (A) and with the maximum on the electro-capillary curve (B) are as follows:

Metal	Solution	α	β
Mercury	$N\text{-Na}_2\text{SO}_4$ (acid)	0.56	0.48
Platinum		0.0	
Platinum + mercury	$0.1\text{N-H}_2\text{SO}_4$	0.43	0.48
Silver	$N\text{-Na}_2\text{SO}_4$ (acid)	0.3	
Gallium	$N\text{-KCl} + N\text{-HCl}$	1.2	0.0
Thallium amalgam	$N\text{-Na}_2\text{SO}_4$ (acid)	0.93	0.93

For platinum and silver the maximum of the contact-angle curve lies close to the point of zero charge obtained by the adsorption method.- N. A.

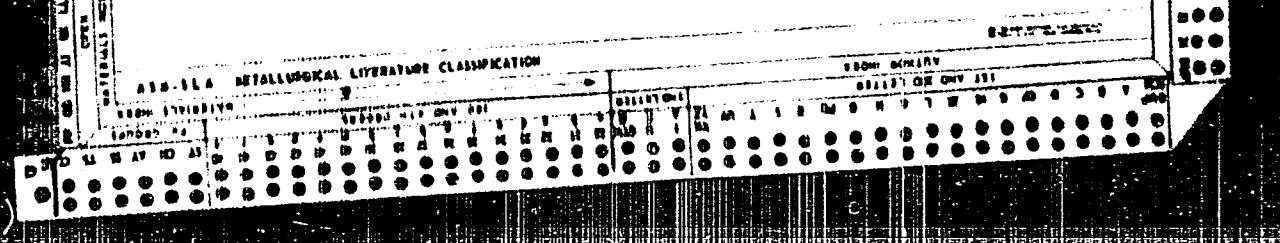
AM-51A METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

13001 SYNTHESES	140001 MET. OF METALS	150001 REACTIONS	160001 PROPERTIES
170001 ALLOYS	180001 POLYMER	190001 TESTS	200001 USES
210001 SURFACE	220001 CRYSTAL	230001 ETC.	240001 ETC.



2358. Capillary Electrical Phenomena and Wetting of Metals by Electrolyte Solutions. A. Gorodetskaja and B. Kabanow. *Fizika Zidkosti i Spanskremenija*, 5, 1, pp. 474-477, 1934. In German. This paper reports measurements of the boundary angle at the surface of Pt, Cu, Ag, Cd and Pb amalgams at different polarizations. Determinations of the position of the maximum of the boundary angles for Pt, platinized Hg, Ag, Ga and Tl-amalgam are also included. The data show that Müller's assumption concerning the convergence of the boundary angle maxima for different metals does not accord with the facts.

4 5 4
5



CA

2

The electrocapillary curve of gallium. II. A. Muntazev and A. Gorodetskaya. *Acta Physicochim. U. R.S.S.* 16, 75-84 (1940) (in German); cf. C. A. 23, 748. The electrocapillary curve was detd. for liquid Ga in normal KCl soln. as well as in solns. of capillary-active materials. The max. surface tension of Ga in normal KCl was obtained with a potential of 0.9 v. against a normal calomel electrode. Two measurements gave 613.3 and 609.3 dynes per cm. These values are higher than previously reported (cf. C. A. 23, 748). The capillary-active substances shifted the maxima of the electrocapillary curves in the same direction as was observed for Hg. The amount of adsorption differed in the two cases. The adsorption at the Ga-liquid interface produced a greater neg.-charge at this interface than was the case for Hg. Calc'd. of the capacity of the elec. double layer gave for one expt. with Ga, a value of 24 microfarads/sq. cm. and for a second expt. a value of 17 microfarads sq. cm.
L. H. Revtson

4

Capacity of the solid mercury electrode. A. Gorodetskaya and M. Prokurnin. *Acta Physicochim. U. R. S. S.* 9, 45-50 (1933).—Both the capacity per sq. cm. of true surface area and the surface area of Hg remain nearly unaltered on freezing as indicated by measurements of the capacity of solid and liquid Hg in aq. K_2CO_3 and aq. K_2CO_3 mixed with EtOH.

B. C. P. A.

ASLIB METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

2

CW

PHENOMENA OF WETTING AND THE ADHESION OF BUBBLES. I.
 A. Prumkin. *J. Phys. Chem. (U. S. S. R.)* 12, 837-43
 (1938) (in Russian); *Acta Physicochim. U. R. S. S.* 9,
 311-29 (1938) (in German).—Theoretical. In the general
 case, the curve expressing the relation between surface
 tension, σ , and area per mole, has a max. and a min. For
 a finite angle of contact between $0 < \alpha < \pi$ ($\alpha = \pi$ corre-
 sponding to the layer in equil. with the vol. phase) the
 layer is metastable or labile. The position of point is
 detd. by the condition of equality of the areas $a\cos\alpha$ and
 $a/\sin\alpha$ on the $\sigma-a$ diagrams. For cases where the contact
 angle is not finite, for $\alpha < \pi/2$, the layer is stable, while
 for $\pi/2 < \alpha < \pi$ it is metastable or labile. The results are
 applied to the theory of the adhesion of bubbles. II. The
 mechanism of the adhesion of bubbles to a mercury sur-
 face. A. Prumkin and A. Gerasdikays. *Acta Physico-
 chim. U. R. S. S.* 9, 327-40 (1938) (in English).—Data are
 given for the adhesion of H_2 bubbles to a Hg cathode for
 various concns. of the Na_2SO_4 soln. from 10^{-4} to $1.0 N$
 and for various degrees of polarization. The time of ad-
 hesion varies from a fraction of a second to 15 min. (If
 adhesion occurs at all), and is least for low pos. polariza-
 tion (0.3-0.8 V) and higher concns. of soln. Below 10^{-4}
 N , small lenses appear on the Hg surface. The equation
 $P = (D/3\pi) \sigma^{1/2} (\rho^2 h/n^2)$ is derived for the pressure act-
 ing upon 2 charged surfaces at a distance h , a mol.-metal
 potential difference σ , and a double layer thickness n .
 F. H. Rathmann

ASA 1000 METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

PRINT CLASSIFICATION	UNCLASSIFIED	REF ID: 1000	CLASSIFICATION												REF ID: 1000
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A															
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SH A53
3888. Mercury-Solution Boundary Layers of Organic Substances. A. Gorodekaya and A. Franklin. *Comptes Rendus (Doklady) de l'Acad. des Sciences, U.S.S.R.* 18, 9, pp. 639-643, 1938. In English.—The examination of thin layers on the surface of Hg in solutions of electrolytes affords the possibility of studying the influence of the electric field upon the properties of the layer. Moreover, at this boundary it is possible to obtain thin polylayers, since a drop of organic acid spreads completely over the surface of the Hg electrode polarised to the potential corresponding to the maximum of the electrocapillary curve. A new method is now described for the study of thin layers at this boundary, based on the fact that the capacity of the double electrical layer of a metallic electrode, in the case of the penetration of organic molecules into that double layer, ought to be considerably reduced. The method of capacity measurements used does not differ essentially from that of Borissowa and Proskurnin [see Abstract #848 (1930)]. The paper deals with measurements of electrode capacity with constant surface, films of cetyl alcohol and palmitic and oleic acid being employed, and also when the Hg surface is comminuted.

H. H. Ho.

ASD-SLA RETAILLING LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

TOPIC SUBJECT	1930-39 M17 ONE USE	SECTION	1930-39 M17 ONE USE
1001000 00	1	2	3

1. CHERNEVA, YE.; GORODETSKAYA, A.

2. USSR (600)

"Electrocapillary phenomena and Wettability ('smachivayemost')" Part IV. "The Influence of Reversible Absorption of Sulfur-containing Organic Substances on the Wetting of Mercury by Solutions of Electrolytes," Zhur, Fiz, Khim, 13, No. 8, 1939. Moscow, Physico-Chemical Institute imeni L.Ya. Karpov, Laboratory of Superficial Phenomena. Received 3 March 1939.

9. [REDACTED] Report U-1615, 3 Jan. 1952

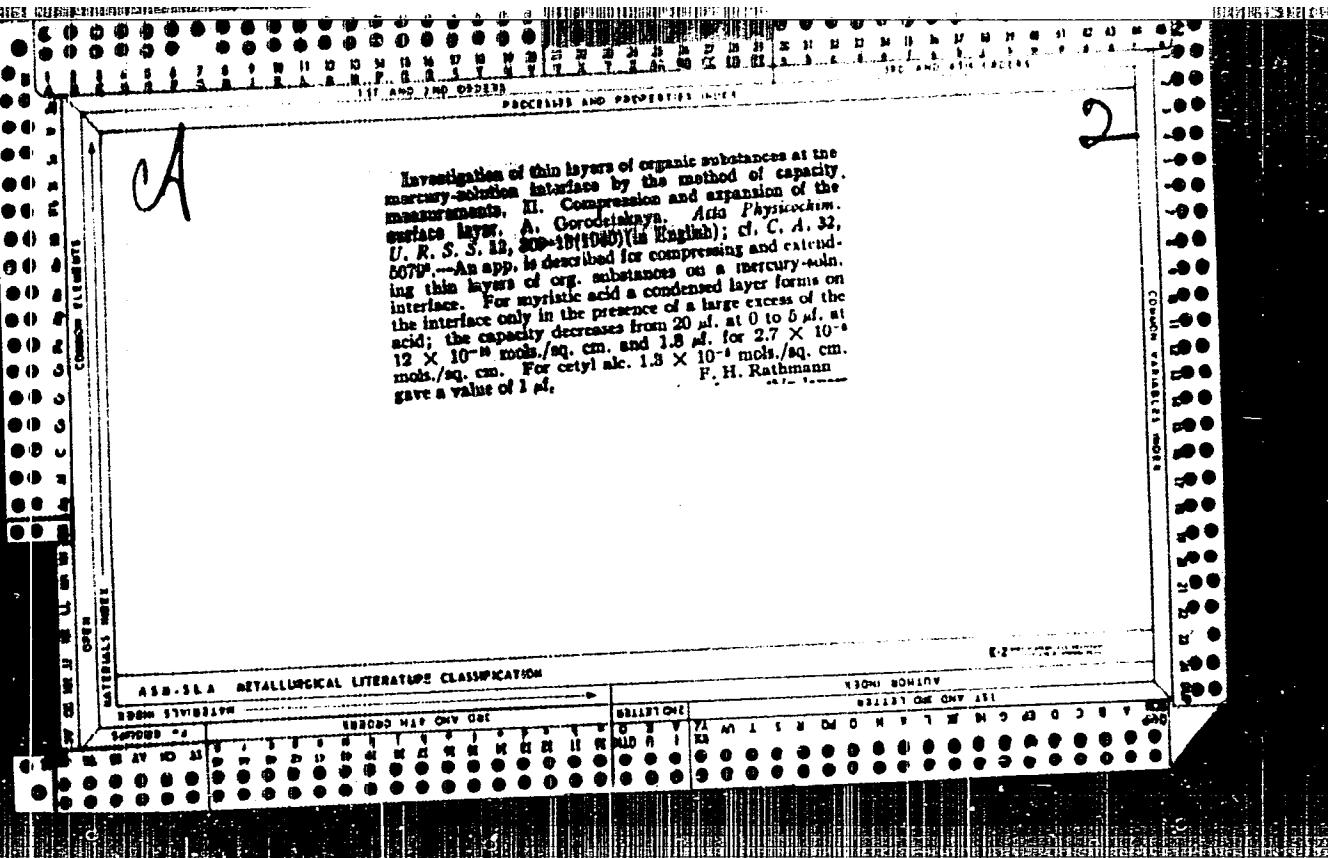
GORODETSKAYA, A.

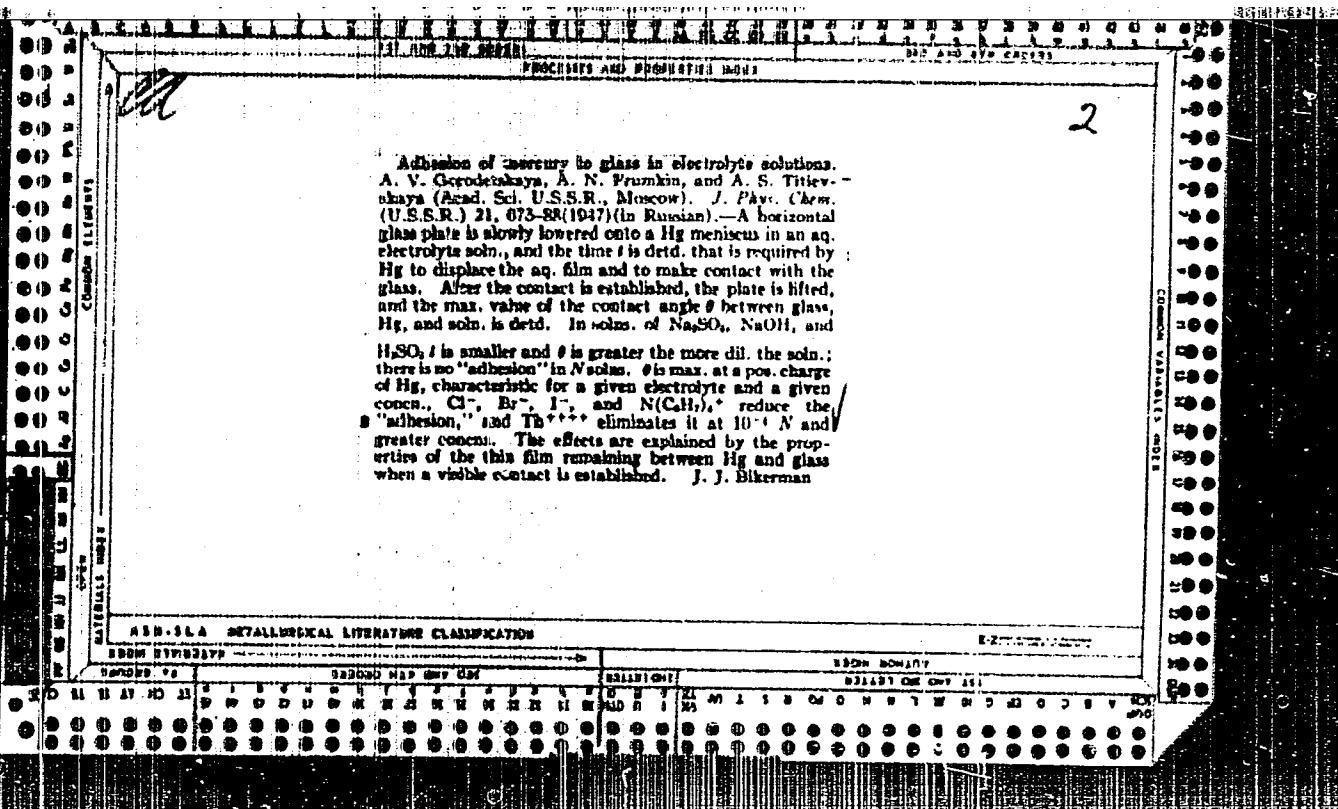
Moscow

Laboratory of Surface Phenomena, Physico-Chemical Institute imeni L. Ya. Karpov,
Moscow, (-1939-).

"A Study of the Thin Layers of Organic Matter on the Boundary of Mercury and
Solution Method of Measuring the Capacitance. The Contraction and Expansion
of Surface Layers, (Part I.)"

Zhur. Fiz. Khim., Vol. 14, No. 3, 1940.





CA

1

The rate of rise of bubbles in water and aqueous solutions at great Reynolds numbers. A. Gorodetskaya, Zhur. Fiz. Khim. (J. Phys. Chem.) 23, 71-7 (1949).--The equation $v = \frac{1}{2} R^2(\rho - \rho_0)/\mu v$ (cf. Levich, *J. Exptl. Theoret. Phys.*, U.S.S.R. 10, (1949)) was tested for air in H₂O at Reynolds no. 10-400. In it v is the rate of the, R radius of the bubble, ρ and ρ_0 d. of liquid and gas, and μ viscosity of the liquid. The movement of the bubbles was observed visually or cinematographed. In H₂O boiled with KMnO₄ and twice distilled, v was only 30% smaller than the theoretical value. In tap water v was little different at $R = 0.03$ cm. but much smaller at $R = 0.07$ cm. Butanol, pentanol, hexanol, and octanol start to lower v in 10^{-4} , 5×10^{-4} , 10^{-3} , and 3×10^{-3} M molus, and reach the max. lowering (2.5 times) at the tenthfold concen. At this concen. the mobility of the liquid-air boundary is reduced to zero and the region of turbulence behind the bubble is as great as for solid spheres. In agreement with this, glass marbles had values of $v/(\rho - \rho_0)$ equal to those of air bubbles in contaminated H₂O. J. J. Bikerman

A54-51A DETAILLED LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

DERYAGIN, B.V.; GORODETSKAYA, A.V.; TITIYEVSKAYA, A.S.; YASHIN, V.N.

Disjoining pressure of electrolyte solutions on polarized mercury. Koll.zhur. 23 no.5:535-543 S-0 '61. (MIRA 14:9)

1. Institut fizicheskoy khimii AN SSSR i Laboratoriya pover-khnostnykh yavleniy, Moskva.

(Electrolyte solutions) (Films (Chemistry))
(Electrocapillary phenomena)

GORODETSKAYA, E.G. [Horodets'ka, E.H.]; ZVONAREVA, G.N. [Zvonar'ova, H.N.]; SOFTYENKO, T.A. [Sofienko, T.A.]; YARMOLENKO, R.A.; ZHADANOVA, R.I.

Ballistocardiography in cardiovascular pathology in children.
Fiziol. zhur. [ukr.] 8 no.5:600-608 S-0 '62. (MIRA 17:11)

1. Department of Pediatrics of the Kiyev Post-Graduate Institute
for Physicians and the First Children's Hospital of Shevchenko
District, Kiyev.

ГАУДИНАН, А. З.

24212 ГОРДЕЕВАЯ, Е. З. К вопросу об интенсивности притока при введении в
них нефтяных баков. Математический анализ, Изд. Ученые записки.
ИИ-ТА на 2-й науч. конф.-техн. студентов высш. Учеб. заведений С. Москви.
К., 1949, с. 29-36.

SO: Летопись, №. 32, 1949.

1. I. I. GORODETSKAYA
2. USSR (600)
4. Benzene Hexachloride
7. Testing the strength of DDT and benzene hexachloride dusts in various concentrations against farm pests. Shor. stud. rab. Umansk. sel(khoz. no. 1. 1951.
9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, April 1953, Uncl.

USSR/Chemical Technology. Chemical Products and Their Application -- Synthetic fibers, I-24

Abst Journal: Referat Zhur - Khimiya, No 2, 1957, 6334

Author: Rogovin, Z. A., Shulyatikova, N. V., Gorodetskaya, L. A.

Institution: None

Title: Forming of Fibers from Viscose Solutions Produced from Cellulose Xanthogenate of a Low Degree of Esterification

Original

Publication: Tekstil'naya prom-st', 1956, No 7, 18-22

Abstract: To obtain viscose solutions of normal filterability, on utilizing cellulose xanthogenate of low degree of esterification, the coefficient of alkali cellulose depression had to be 2.5-2.65, and temperature of xanthogenate dissolution was lowered to 0-4°. With equal indices of ripening, viscose solutions prepared by dissolution of low ester xanthogenates contain xanthogenate of lower γ , than is usual, which is due to a decreased content of thiocarbonates in the viscose. Fibers of good mechanical properties can be

Card 1/2

'USSR/Chemical Technology. Chemical Products and Their Application -- Synthetic fibers, I-24

Abst Journal: Referat Zhur - Khimiya, No 2, 1957, 6334

Abstract: obtained from such solutions of viscose on forming the fiber in a spinning bath containing H_2SO_4 88-105 g/liter, Na_2SO_4 260-270 g/liter, $ZnSO_4$ 35-45 g/liter, at 45°; ripeness of spinning solutions 9-10 cm³ NH_4Cl .

Card 2/2

MOGILEVSKIY, Ye.M.; GORODETSKAYA, L.A.

Using the high-speed continuous method for the manufacture of viscose silk. Khim.volok. no.3:47-50 '59. (MIRA 12:11)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut iskusstvennogo volokna (VNIIV).
(Rayon)

LYZIKOV, N.F., dotsent; ROSHCHINA, T. Ya., klinicheskiy ordinator;
GORODETSKAYA, L.V.; SMETANINA, T.P.

Prevention of premature labor. Zdraw. Bel. 9 no.7&12-15 Jl'63

1. Iz kafedry akusherstva i ginekologii (zav. - dotsent N.F. Lyzikov) Vitebskogo meditsinskogo instituta (rektor - prof. G.A. Medvedeva).

ZORODENSKAYA, M.

Testimonies of the eternal congelation in the Pavlodar region. p. 185.

ANALELE ROMANO-SOVIETICE. SERIA GEOLOGIE-NEOMAFIE. Bucuresti, Romania
Vol. 12, no. 2, Apr./June 1950.

Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC, Vol. 9, no. 1, January 1960.

Uncl.

GORODETSKAYA, M.A. metodist

For a perfect quality of plywood. Inform. biul. VENKH no.10:
4-5 0 '64 (MIRA 18:1)

1. Pavil'on "Tsellyulozno-bumazhnaya i lesokhimicheskaya pro-myshlennost'" na Vystavke dostizheniy narodnogo khozyaystva SSSR.

8(6), 14(6)

SOV/112-59-2-2755

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal. Elektrotehnika, 1959, Nr 2, p 68 (USSR)

AUTHOR: Gorodetskaya, M. V.

TITLE: The Electrical Part of the Kayrak-Kuma Hydroelectric Generating Station
(Elektricheskaya chast' Kayrak-Kumskoy GES)

PERIODICAL: V sb.: Materialy 1-y Uzb. nauchno-tekh. konferentsii po izolyatsii
i zashchite ot perenapryazheniy. Farkhadges-Kayrak-Kumges, 1957, pp 105-107

ABSTRACT: The main scheme of a hydroelectric generating station is described
that includes six 26-Mva generators, two 90-Mva, 242/121/10.5-kv transformer
banks. The station structure and principal power auxiliaries are discussed.
Main power units and generated-voltage switchgear are situated in the body of
the dam, main transformers on the top of the dam. The control building is next
to the station building on the left river bank. The main scheme and station
building vertical section are presented.

S.S.L.

Card 1/1

Yerushalayim, M.Y.

~~GORODETSK, VA, N.Y.~~

Conference on the nature of permafrost wedges and the distribution
of their traces. Izv. AN SSSR. Ser. geog. no.4:139-140 Jl-Ag '57.
(Frozen ground) (MIRA 11:1)

AUTHOR: Gorodetskaya, V. Ye. 70V/10-58-5-10 26

TITLE: The Remnants of Former Permafrost in the Pavlodar Oblast
(Svideteli byloy vechnoy merzloty v Pavlodarskaya oblasti)

PERIODICAL: Izvestiya Akademii nauk SSSR - Seriya geograficheskaya,
1958, Nr 5, pp 65-72 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The southern border of former permafrost in the northern part of Western Siberia has not yet been determined, although it is theoretically possible that eternal frost did exist in the south-eastern part of West Siberia during the Pleistocene epoch. Information is given on relics of former frost processes, traces of frosty crumpling of the soil and interred frost fissures which were discovered in different areas of Kazakhstan. It is assumed that they had developed during the Middle-Pleistocene epoch. It is concluded that the relic fissures of Pavlodarskaya oblast' are fossils of frost fissures, the origins of which are connected with the existence of permafrost. As these formations were discovered in the northern as well as in the southern parts, it can be assumed that permafrost existed throughout almost the whole oblast. Its origin can be dated to the

Card 1/2

SOV/IC-58-5-10/76

The Remnants of Former Permafrost in the Pavlodar Oblast:

Middle-Quaternary or the beginning of the Upper-Quaternary periods.

There are 2 graphs, 1 photo, 1 map and 15 references, 13 of which are Soviet and 2 German.

ASSOCIATION: Institut geografii AN SSSR (Institute of Geography, AS USSR)

Card 2/2

GORODETSKAYA, M.Ye.

Origin of landslide blocks, depressions and hollows in the southeastern part of the West Siberian Plane. Izv. AN SSSR. Ser. geog. no.5:75-81 S-0 '60.
(MIRA 13:10)

(Siberian Plane--Physical geography)

GORODETSKAYA, M.Ye.

Some characteristics of the ridge-ravine relief in connection
with the problem of its genesis in the southwestern part of
Western Siberia. Izv. AN SSSR. Ser. geog no.1:90-96 Ja.-P
'62. (MIRA 15:2)

1. Institut geografii AN SSSR.
(Siberia, Western—Geomorphology)

GORODETSKAYA, M.Ye.

Morphostructure and relief age of the plains of the southern
part of Western Siberia. Izv. AN SSSR, Ser. geog. no.3:41-48
'64. (MIRA 17:6)

1. Institut geografii AN SSSR.

GORODETSKAYA, N.K.

USSR/Engineering - Interference suppression

Card 1/1 : Pub. 133 - 12/21

Authors : Malyshev, V. Z., and Gorodetskaya, N. K.; Shvartsman, V. O.

Title : A simplified method for decreasing interference effect on cables equipped with K-24 devices

Periodical : Vest. svyazi 9, 21-22, Sep 1954

Abstract : Theoretical and experimental studies of mutual interferences of cables carrying high-frequency currents led to an introduction of a new method which provides better non-interference of cables carrying high-frequency currents and at the same time permits speeding up the assembly of cables. Diagrams.

Institution : ...

Submitted : ...

BARKAGAN, Z.S., dotsent; SUKHOVSEVA, Ye.Ya.; GORODETSKAYA, N.M.

Clinical and hematological characteristics of hemophilia B (Christmas disease). Probl.gemat. i perel.krovi 4 no.8:13-17 Ag '59.

(MIRA 13:1)

1. Iz kafedry propedevtiki vnutrennikh bolezney (zav. - dotsent Z.S. Barkagan) Altayskogo meditsinskogo instituta.
(HEMOPHILIA)

GORODETSKAYA, N.M.; BNOVA, L.G.

State of the blood coagulation system in congenital heart
defects. Trudy Inst. klin. i eksp. khir. AN Kazakh. SSR
9:47-50 '63.
(MIRA 17:12)

GORODETSKAYA, N.S.

Deceased

Geology

See ILC

Gorodetskaya, P.M.

USSR/Virology - Bacterial Viruses

E-1

Abs Jour : Referat Zhurn - Biol. No 16, 25 Aug 1957, 68227

Author : Gorodetskaya, P.M., Furmanskaya, A.Ya.

Title : The Problem of Sulfophage (Author's review).

Orig Pub : In symposium: Dysentery. Kiev, Gosmedizdat UkrSSR, 1956, 197-198.

Abstract : Adry dysentery phage in combination with sulfonamides in vitro causes a later appearance of secondary cultures than the usual phage, lightens the course of disease and ends excretion in patients (75 children).

Card 1/1

- 6 -

GONCHAREVA, T.S.; SALIVON, Ye.F.; SLYUSARENKO, I.T.; GORODETSKAYA, P.M.;
YEVALENKO, N.S.

Effect of trace elements (zinc, manganese, cobalt) on growth and
metabolic processes in BCG cultures. Zhur.mikrobiol.epid.i immun.
32 no.3:70-75 Mr '61.
(MIRA 14:6)

1. Iz Kiyevskogo instituta epidemiologii i mikrobiologii.
(TRACE ELEMENTS) (MYCOBACTERIUM TUBERCULOSIS)

GONCHAREVSKAYA, T.S.; GAYEVSKAYA, A.A.; SALIVON, Ye.F.; SLYUSAREJKO,
I.T.; GORODETSKAYA, P.M.

Studies on various biochemical indices of BCG cultures under
various cultivation conditions. Probl.tub. 38 no.4:88-93 '60.
(MIRA 14:5)
(MYCOBACTERIUM BOVIS)

GOLUBEVA, A.V.; SIVOGRAKOVA, K.A.; LYANDZBERG, G.Ya.; GOKODETSKAYA, R.A.

The MSM ternary copolymers. Biul.tekh.-ekon.inform. no.12:12
'58. (MIRA 11:12)
(Plastics) (Polymers)

CONVENTIONAL, E., AND OTHERS

Glue

Express method of determining moisture in gelatin and glue. Vopr. fiz. i kh. SSSR 20 No. 1, 1951.

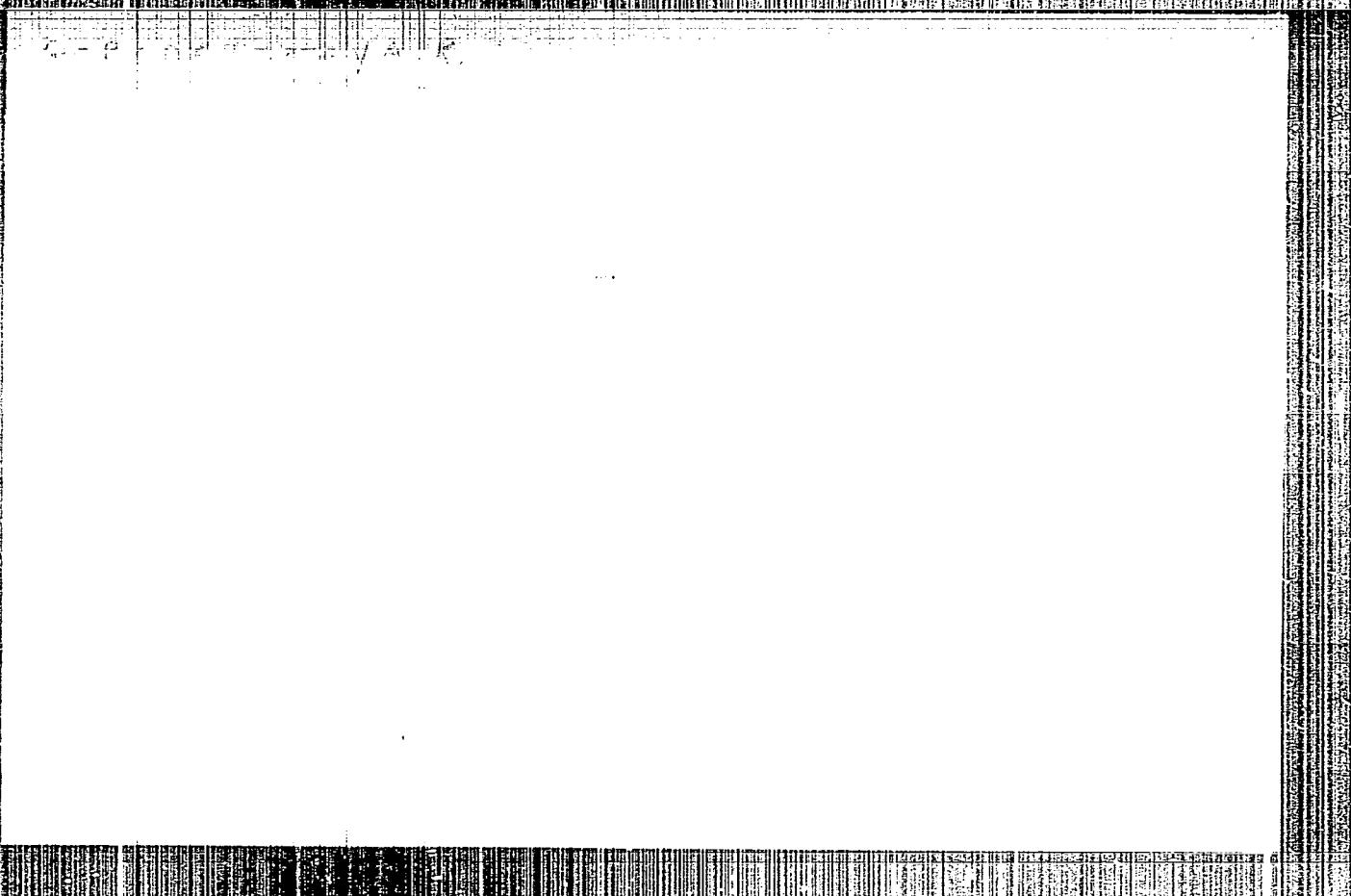
9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, August 1958, Uncl.

52

1. GORODETSKAYA, R.
2. USSR (600)
4. Gelatine
7. Possibilities for the gelatine industry. Mias.ind. SSSR 23 no. 6 1952

Monthly Lists of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, March, 1953, Unclassified.

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/19/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000616230002-1



APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/19/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000616230002-1"

GORODETSKAYA, R.V., kandidat khimicheskikh nauk; SHAKHNAZAROV, M.Sh.

New method for determining the clearness and color of gelatin and
broths of canned braised meat. Trudy VNIIMS no.6:123-126 '54.
(Meat, Canned) --(Gelatin) --(Colorimeters) (MLRA 10:8)

GOROBIETSKAYA, R.V., kandidat khimicheskikh nauk; KIR'YANOVA, A.M.,
nauchnyi sotrudnik.

Rapid method of determining the moisture of raw hides. Leg.prom.
14 no.9:38-39 S '54. (MLRA 7:9)
(Hides and skins)

GORODETSKAYA, R.V., kandidat khimicheskikh nauk.

Determining the quality of pork fat. Leg.prom. 15 no.2:33-34 P '55.
(Oils and fats--Analysis) (MIRA 8:4)

GORODETSKAYA, R.V., kandidat khimicheskikh nauk; YANKOVSKAYA, M.V.

New method for determining salt content in raw hides. Leg.
prom. 15 no. 6:20 Je '55. (MIRA 8:8)
(Hides and skins)

GORODETSKAYA, R.V., kandidat khimicheskikh nauk; SHAKHNAZAROVA, M.Sh.,
mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; SHEREMET, N.V.; VIRNIK, D.I.;
SMIRNOVA, V.Ye.; YESAKOVA, R.

Reducing losses in gelatin production. Trudy VNIM no.7:108-113
'55. (MLRA 9:8)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut myasnoy promyshlennosti (for Gorodetskaya, Shakhnazarova, Sheremet); 2. Moskovskiy zhelatinovyj zavod (for Virnik, Smirnova, Yesakova).
(Gelatin)

GORODETSKAYA, R.V., kandidat khimicheskikh nauk; SHAKHNAZAROVA, M.Sh.,
mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik; SHEREMET, M.V.; VIRNIK, D.I.;
SMIRNOVA, V.Ye.; YESAKOVA, R.

Methods of determining the degree of liming in gelatigenous tissues.
Trudy VNIIMP no.7:114-122 '55. (MLRA 9:8)

1. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut myasnoy promy-
shlennosti (for Gorodetskaya, Shakhnazarova, Sheremet); 2. Moskov-
skiy zhelatinovyy zavod (for Virnik, Smirnova, Yesakova).
(Gelating)

~~GORODETSKAYA, R.V., kandidat khimicheskikh nauk; GAYDUKOVA, Z.V.; KIR'YANOVA,
R.R.~~

Determining the degree of moisture in raw hides. Leg.pron.15 no.10:
31 0 '55. (MIRA 9:1)
(Hides and skins)

GORODETSKAYA, R.V.; KIR'YANOVA, A.M.; YANKOVSKAYA, M.V.

Rapid determination of nitrogen content in samples of raw hide
and leather. Leg.prom. 17 no.4:41-42 Ap '57. (MIRA 10:4)
(Leather industry—Quality control)

GORODETSKAYA, R.V.; KIR'YANOVA, A.M.; YANKOVSKAYA, M.V.

New procedures for reception and delivery of skins for manufacturing
stiff leather. Leg. prom. 18 no.8:22-23 Ag '58. (MIRA 11:9)
(Hides and skins)

GORODETSKAYA, R.V.; KIR'YANOVA, A.M.

New method of determining the comparable efficiency of antiseptics
for raw leather. Kozh.-obuv.prom. 4 no.4:28-30 Ap '62.
(MIRA 15:5)
(Leather--Preservation)

GORODETSKAYA, R.V.; KIR'YANOVA, A.M.

Chemical quality indices of raw leather. Кож.обув.prom. 4
no.11:28-30. N '62. (MIPR 12:11)
(Leather--testing)

MESHALKIN, I.N.; GORODETSKAYA, N.M.

Examination of the blood coagulation system in patients with rheumatic sclerosis of the mitral valve before and after mitral commissurotomy. Probl. gemit. i perel. krovi 9 no.3:41-45
Mr '64. (MIRA 17:10)

1. Otdeleniye serdechno-sosudistoy khirurgii (zav.- I.N. Meshalkin) i klinicheskaya laboratoriya (zav.- I.I. Yevnina) Instituta eksperimental'noy biologii i meditsiny (dir.- prof. Ye.N. Meshalkin) Sibirskogo otdeleniya AN SSSR.

BARCHENKO, L.I., kand. med. nauk; GORODETSKAYA, S.P. (Kiyev)

Study of the osmotic resistance of erythrocytes and of the number
of reticulocytes in the blood at various ages. Vrach. delo no.4:
393-395 Ap '59.
(MIRA 12:7)

1. Gruppa po izucheniyu fiziologii i patologii stareniya (rukovoditel'
- prof. Yu. A. Spasokukotskiy) Instituta fiziologii AN USSR.
(ERYTHROCYTES) (HEMOPOIETIC SYSTEM)
(AGE)

GORODETSKAYA, S.F. [Horodets'ka, S.F.]

Effect of centimeter-band radio waves on hemopoietic organs,
reproduction, and the higher nervous activity. Fiziol. zhur.
[Ukr.] 6 no. 5:622-629 S-0 '60. (MIRA 13:10)

1. Laboratoriya kompensatornykh i zashchitnykh funktsiy
Instituta fiziologii im. A.A. Bogomol'tsa Akademii nauk USSR,
g. Kiyev.

(RADIO WAVES--PHYSIOLOGICAL EFFECT)

GORODETSKAYA, S.F. [Horodets'ka, S.F.]

Effect of three-centimeter radio waves on the functional state of
the adrenal cortex. Fiziol. zhur. [Ukr.] 7 no.5:672-675 S-0 '61.
(MIRA 14:9)

1. Laboratory of Compensatory and Defensive Functions of the A.A.
Bogomoletz Institute of Physiology of the Academy of Sciences of
the Ukrainian S.S.R., Kiev.

(ADRENAL CORTEX) (MICROWAVES--PHYSIOLOGICAL EFFECT)

GORODETSKAYA, S. F.

27.12.2C

40668

S/238/62/008/003/008/008
I015/I215

AUTHOR: Horodets'ka, S. F.

TITLE: The effect of waves in the centimeter range on the morphology of internal organs

PERIODICAL: Fiziolohichnyy zhurnal, v. 8, no. 3, 1962, 390-396

TEXT: This problem has been insufficiently studied until now. The internal organs of 30 mice were examined. The animals were subjected to 3 cm waves produced by an impulse generator. The irradiation distance was 10 cm, exposure time—5 min, and intensity—0.4 w/cm². Some animals were sacrificed immediately after irradiation and others after 30 min, 1, 2, 4, 12 hrs and 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 10, 15, and 20 days. The histological preparations of the internal organs were stained with hematoxylin-eosin. Hyperemia and hemorrhages were found in all the organs soon after irradiation. Protein degeneration and micronecroses were present in the liver and heart in almost all cases. The ovaries were more affected than the testes. Convection heat, used as a control, showed less marked changes, the main picture being that of hemodynamic disorders. The genitals of both sexes were but slightly affected. Specific morphological changes following long wave irradiation were not observed. There are 4 figures.

Card 1/2

The effect of waves in...

S/238/62/008/003/008/008
I015/I215

ASSOCIATION: Laboratoriya biofizyky Institutu fiziologii im. O. O. Bohomol'tsya Akademii nauk URSR
(Laboratory of Biophysics, Institute of Physiology im. O. O. Bohomolets. AS UkrSSR)
Kiev

SUBMITTED: November 10, 1961

X

Card 2/2

GORODETSKAYA, S.F. [Horodets'ka, S.F.]

Effect of microwaves on the fertility of female rats. Fiziol zhurn.
[Ukr] 9 no.3:394-395 My-Je '63. (MIRA 1847)

1. Laboratoriya biofiziki Instituta fiziologii im. Koz'mod'isca AN
UkrSSR, Kiyev.

30 (YET)-65 EWD(3)/EWS(1)/EWT(1)/TS(4)-3/WRC(7)/TWS(9)/EWS(6) PER-3 DD/RG

AT 13:15 12/13/83 A75-105626

TO: Dr. Antonovskaya, S. F.

FROM: Dr. W. J. R. Happer, Electro-optical Institute
University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alberta, Canada

RE: Effect of pulsed laser radiation on
the absorption coefficient of
water at the visible electromagnetic frequencies

RE: Effect of pulsed laser radiation on
the absorption coefficient of
water at the visible wavelengths

RE: White air were exposed to a pulsed
pulse generator, 10 cm; $\lambda = 3$ cm; pulse frequency, 170 cps; intensity, 0.4 w/cm². To eliminate thermal effects, continue experiments with pulsed infrared radiation.

L 27871-65

ACCESSION NR: AT5005624

exposure to SHF was found to lower the fertility of female mice exposed to 6000
cycles/min. immediately following mating. The effect was dose related and
the maximum effect was noted at approximately 6000 cycles/min. The effect
was observed in all groups of mice receiving the exposure. The effect
was dose related, dose being expressed as number of cycles/min.
The effect was complete by the 20th day following exposure. At this time
the first group of mice had shown signs of ovulation and the second group
had shown signs of estrus. At the 20th day, the third group of mice
had shown signs of estrus and the fourth group had shown signs of ovulation.
The fifth group had not yet shown signs of estrus or ovulation.
The results indicate that the effect of SHF on female mice is dose related
and is dose dependent. The effect is reversible and is not permanent.
The effect is dose related and is dose dependent. The effect is reversible and
is dose dependent. The effect is dose related and is dose dependent.

L 19871-55

ACCESSION NO.: AT5005624

SHP that sales. Investigation of personnel who had been exposed to SHP revealed that the most prominent symptom observed was conjunctival irritation. In one test, the conjunctiva became red and watery on the 1st day. Redness and pain were present at the 11th day. Redness and pain associated with conjunctival hyperemia and hemorrhaging in all three subjects disappeared 10-15 days later. Except for miosis, ptosis, and conjunctival changes, no other effects of conjunctival heating were observed. In one test, changes were less severe and recovery was more rapid. In another test, activity was sharply altered as a result of exposure to SHP. These changes were observed immediately after exposure and persisted for 2 to 3 days. In one test immediately following exposure to SHP, startle reflexes to light and sound stimuli and the righting reflex were suppressed. Weakened negative conditioned reflexes were observed in one test subject who was believed to be in a hypnotic state. Gradual recovery of reflexes was observed in this test and was complete on the 5th day. No changes in reflexes were observed in nothermal controls. Convection heating was also observed to produce similar changes, especially in the periorbital area. These changes were characterized by weakened reflexes to light and sound stimuli and by some sort of hypnosis. Recovery from these changes was rapid.

L 37671-65

AC TRESSON NP: A75005624

and was complete by the 2nd day. It was concluded that SHF had a stronger effect on conditioned reflex activity than convection heat. It was also found that

the effect was reversible.

1970-10-10 Step 64

1970-10-10 Step 64

Card 4/4

L 6979-65 EWG(j)/EWG(r)/EMT(1)/FS(v)-3/EMG(v)/EMO(e)/EMG(c) Ref S AFML/AFD
SSD/BSD/AFTC(b)/ESD(c)/ESD(f)/ESD(t)/BAEM(v) 32

ACCESSION NR: AP4043060

6/01/89/64/01/00/00/00/00

AUTHOR: Gorodetskaya, S. F.; (Gorodetskaya, S. F.)

TITLE: Effect of an ultrahigh-frequency field and gamma radiation on the ovaries of mice

SOURCE: Fiziolicheskyy zhurnal, v. 13, no. 4, p. 66, 1968.

Abstract. The effect of an ultrahigh-frequency field and gamma radiation on the ovaries of 2-month-old mice by taking vaginal smears for 2 months after a single total-body exposure to a 3-cm field for 5 minutes at a frequency of 100 MHz is described.

ABSTRACT: The author investigated the effect of an ultrahigh-frequency field and gamma radiation on the ovaries of 2-month-old mice by taking vaginal smears for 2 months after a single total-body exposure to a 3-cm field for 5 minutes at a frequency of 100 MHz. The author found no changes in the vaginal smears for the first month after the exposure except for a slight increase in the number of mitotic figures.

On the basis of the average duration of the cycle, it is possible to conclude that there was no prolongation of the dormancy period. The author also found no significant changes in the vaginal smears of mice subjected to a single total-body exposure to a 3-cm field for 5 minutes at a frequency of 100 MHz. The temperature bath (27.8°C) was used for the experiments. The author found no changes in the vaginal smears for the first month after the exposure except for a slight increase in the number of mitotic figures.

L 6979-65

ACCESSION NR: AP4043060

recovery was complete in the second month. Ordinarily, this would be

ASSOCIATION: Laboratoriya biofizyki Instytutu fizicheskikh i mehanicheskikh
tekhnologii Akademii nauk UkrSSR, Kiev (Biophysical Institute of the
Academy of Sciences of the UkrSSR)

SUBJ: 77-00-20Nov63

ENCL: 00

NO LOC SQN: 003

OTHER: 00

L 43013-66 EM(1) SOTB DD

ACC NR: AP6011805

SOURCE CODE: UR/0238/66/012/002/0246/0253

AUTHOR: Horodets'ka, S. F.--Gorodetskaya, S. P.; Kerova, N. I.

4/2
L3

ORG: Biophysics Section, Institute of Physiology im. A. A. Bogomolets, Academy of Sciences URSR, Kiev (Sektor biofiziki Institutu fiziologichiyi Akademiyi nauk URSR)

TITLE: Changes in some functional and biochemical indexes in the testicles of animals exposed to 3 cm radiowaves

SOURCE: Fiziologichnyy zhurnal, v. 12, no. 2, 1966, 246-253

TOPIC TAGS: microwave, animal physiology, biochemistry, microwave effect, animal genetics

ABSTRACT: Experiments were conducted on young male white mice weighing 20--22 g. These animals were exposed to 3 cm microwaves with a power density of 0.4 w/cm² for 5 min. The microwave source was a magnetron generator (557 cps, 60 kw, mean power -- 34.5 w). The effects of the microwaves were evaluated as follows: 1) breeding ability of irradiated and control animals; 2) the number and condition of the progeny of irradiated animals; 3) the number of stillborn progeny from irradiated mice; 4) histological examination of the testicles of irradiated mice; 5) the DNA content of the testicles of irradiated mice. The results were statistically pro-

Card 1/2

L 23048-66

ACC NR: AP6011805

cessed for reliability. It was found that microwaves had a deleterious effect on the testicles characterized by decreased breeding ability, an increase in the number of stillborn progeny, injury to spermatozoa, and a reduction in DNA content. The microwave effect was most pronounced immediately after irradiation and on the fifth day. Orig. art. has: 5 tables and 2 figures. [CD]

SUE CODE: 06/ SUBM DATE: none/ ORIG REF: 006/ OTH REF: 002/ ATD PRESS: 4234

Card 2/2 FW

GORODETSKAYA, T. A.

KHRUSTSELEVSKIY, V.P.; GORODETSKAYA, T.A.; KOPYLOVA, O.A.

Materials on the ecology of the Brandt's vole (*Phaiomys Brandti*
Radde). Izv. Irk.gos.protivochum. inst. 10:54-75 '52. (MIRA 10:12)
(TRANSBAIKALIA--FIELD MICE)
(ANIMALS, HABITATIONS OF) (ANIMALS, FOOD HABITS OF)

GORODETSKAYA, T.L., kandidat fiziko-matematicheskikh nauk, dotsent.
DEGACH, Z.A., kandidat fiziko-matematicheskikh nauk, dotsent.

Theoretical investigations of vibrations in a two-axle tank car
under various spring rates and deflections. Trudy DIT no.25:184-
195 '56. (MIRA 10:1)

(Tank cars--Vibration)

ACC NR: AP6031640

(A)

SOURCE CODE: UR/0240/66/000/009/0080/0081

AUTHOR: Nikhinson, I. M.; (Candidate of medical sciences; Khar'kov);
Gorodetskaya, V. M. (Khar'kov); Kurasova, Zh. V. (Khar'kov)

ORG: none

TITLE: Phage typing pathogenic staphylococci

SOURCE: Gigiyena i sanitariya, no. 9, 1966, 80-81

TOPIC TAGS: staphylococcus, pathogen, phage, typing, diagnostic medicine,
bacteriology, bacteriophage

ABSTRACT: Staphylococci isolated from human feces were phage typed into
three basic groups and then into subgroups. This method was
compared with results of standard tests and found to be faster
and more accurate. [WA-50; CBE No. 12]

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(RHEUMATIC FEVER) (MEDICAL TESTS)

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meditsinskogo instituta im. akad.Bogomol'tsa (direktor - dotsent
M.N.Umovist).

(EXERCISE THERAPY) (RHEUMATIC FEVER)